# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA REPUBLIC

**Continental Congress Assembled** 



# PUBLIC LAW 111-46

Amended: 12 March 2017

### TO ESTABLISH LAWS FOR HOMICIDE

Pursuant to the United States of America Republic Constitution Amendment 19, Section 2, Clause 2, wherein it states; "The United States of America Republic shall make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States of America Republic, or any Department or Officer thereof", there shall hereby be designated "Homicide" provisions to serve this purpose. This amendment shall go into immediate force.

Introduced as **Senate Joint Resolution 46**, with **54** co-sponsors and as **House Joint Resolution 46** with **54** co-sponsors, a request was delivered before the Continental Congress to honor and therefore establish laws for acts of Homicide.

The resolution suffered no amendments, no exclusions, no demands that it became law.

The 1<sup>st</sup> Continental Congress of the United States of America Republic publicly declared 2015 the national "Year of the United States of America Republic". The document known as Public Law 111-46 was signed and enacted into law on 12 March 2017 by the following SIGNATORIES to this Legislative Act in Attendance;

General Congress Assembled, United States of America Republic

- 1. President, Christopher-Cannon: Bey
- 2. Speaker of the House, Sharon-Green: El

- 3. USAR Secretary of State, Ross Woody Ir,: Bey
- 4. USAR Attorney General, K-Charles: Bey
- 5. Chief Justice, Illinois, Romalus Dorsey: El
- 6. Foreign Affairs Minister, Texas, Rafael-Vazquez: El
- 7. Recorder of Deeds, Illinois, Taiwaan-Smith: Bey
- 8. Dir. Of Business Development, California Dadrian Anderson: Bey
- 9. Governor, Arizona, Dexter-Johnson: Bey
- 10. Governor, California, G. Riller: El
- 11. Governor, Georgia, Mandel Williams: El
- 12. Governor, Louisiana, Eric Wannamaker: Bey
- 13. Governor, Maryland Altie Archer: Bey
- 14. Governor, Michigan, Napoleon-Kendall: Bey
- 15. Governor, Mississippi, Welton-Turk: Bey
- 16. Governor, Missouri, Floyd-Harris: Bey
- 17. Governor, North Carolina, Nasir Ma'at: El
- 18. Governor, Virginia, Darnell Brown: Bey
- 19. Governor, New Jersey, Colin Hylton: El
- 20. Governor, Ohio, Terry King: Bey
- 21. Governor, Texas, Lashawn-Earl: Bey
- 22. Governor, Minnesota, Vicie-Williams: Bey
- 23. Lieutenant Governor, Georgia, Timothy Jackson: El
- 24. Lieutenant Governor, North Carolina, Yisrael (Carol)-Murray: Bey
- 25. Lieutenant Governor, Ohio, Galen Carson: Bey
- 26. Lieutenant Governor Virginia, Rich Wilson: Bey
- 27. Assistant Governor, Georgia, Christopher Hill: Bey
- 28. Assistant Governor, Ohio, Anthony Hammond: Bey
- 29. Assistant Governor, North Carolina, Sean-Ikard: Bey
- 30. Secretary of State, California, Demeitric Mason: El
- 31. Secretary of State, Georgia, Maureen-Willis: Bey
- 32. Public Minister, Missouri, Linda Ann-Bashful: El
- 33. Public Minister, Missouri, Maurice-Reynolds: Bey

- 34. Public Minister, Florida, William L.-Salter III,: Bey
- 35. Representative, Colorado, Ajoa Nash-Conner: Bey
- 36. Senator, Georgia, Ronnell-Gray: Bey
- 37. Senator, Ohio, Reginald-Purnell: Bey
- 38. Senator, Colorado, Kakuyon: El
- 39. Senator/Liaison Georgia, Tara-Hill: Bey
- 40. Senator, Illinois, Clayton Ronald-Henderson: El
- 41. Senator, North Carolina, Hope Ma'at El
- 42. Senator, Michigan, George-Bond: Bey
- 43. Senator, California, D-Wallace: Bey
- 44. Senator, Illinois, J. Sept: El
- 45. Vicegerent Commissioner, Illinois, Leslie-Atkins: El
- 46. Vicegerent Chief, Illinois, Saadig: Bey
- 47. Vicegerent, Arizona, Jorge-Bravo: Bey
- 48. Vicegerent, Colorado, Evelyn-Gordon: Bey
- 49. Vicegerent Commissioner, Michigan, Damon-Lewis: El
- 50. Vicegerent Commissioner, Ohio, Andwele-Montgomery: Bey
- 51. Vicegerent, Dana-Coggins: Bey, Ohio
- 52. Vicegerent, Daryl Van-Brown: Bey, Ohio
- 53. Vicegerent, Georgia, Akil: Bey
- 54. Vicegerent, Bryce Lee-Williams: Bey, Minnesota

It reads as follows:

# PUBLIC LAW 111-46, on 12 March 2017

#### **JOINT RESOLUTION**

### **Authorizing and requesting the President**

to proclaim and establish provisions in accordance with the Constitution and Laws of the United States of America Republic.

**WHEREAS**, the United States of America Republic, being a perpetual corporation is an autonomous State government lawfully incorporated and chartered for the benefit and protection of "We The Moorish American People", by its Declaration, National Constitution and By-Laws, and aforementioned Articles;

**WHEREAS** the United States of America Republic's official language is the English language;

**WHEREAS** the Moorish American People have made a unique contribution in shaping the United States of America Republic as a distinctive and blessed nation of people and citizens;

**WHEREAS** the Moorish American People are a People of deeply-held religious convictions springing from the Holy Scriptures of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America and the Learning, Teachings and Truth of the Holy Prophet Noble Drew Ali. The Holy Prophet Noble Drew Ali led his People back to the Principles and standards of their ancient forefathers' Free National Principles and Standards;

**WHEREAS** the Principles of Love, Truth, Peace, Freedom and Justice inspired concepts of civil government that are contained in our Declaration of Independence and Constitution of the United States of America Republic;

WHEREAS the Moorish American People, are now in great comprehension that, as a Nation of People being Nationwide in scope to achieve peace as well as unity as a single harmonious Nation, there must be uniform Laws for the Nation. The Constitution and Laws of the United States of America Republic are "the Rock on which our Republic rests";

WHEREAS the history of our Nation clearly illustrates the value of a Nation to be able to create and pass its own Laws are beneficial to a Society to Enforce the Laws of the Nation. This is not to remove or change **The Moorish American People** from voluntarily applying and extending the learning, teachings and truth of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America in the lives of individuals, families, or in their society as a nation of People;

**WHEREAS** this Nation now faces great challenges that will test this Nation as it has never been tested before; and

WHEREAS that renewing our knowledge of Law, Divine and National and having faith in Our Universal Creator through Holy Scriptures of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America, the Holy Bible and the Great Qu'ran of Mohammed as we honor all the divine Prophets Jesus, Mohammed, Buddha and Confucius. Therefore, the Constitution and Laws of the United States of America Republic and knowledge of the aforementioned Holy Scriptures can only strengthen our nation. I, President Christopher H- Cannon: Bey, therefore establish with the consent of the Continental Congress the provisions as the Laws of the United States of America Republic:

**NOW**, <u>THEREFORE</u>, <u>be</u> it **Resolved** by the Continental Congress of the United States of America Republic in Continental Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to designate the administration of said laws.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY-**PL.111 Res.:46** CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. #**(2017):** 

**12 March 2017** considered and passed by the Continental Congress.

# TITLE I - CRIMINAL CODE

# **CHAPTER 35**

# **HOMICIDE**

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1112.	Manslaughter.
1113.	Attempt to commit murder or manslaughter.
1114.	Protection of officers and employees of the United States of America
	Republic.
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1116.	Murder or manslaughter of foreign officials, official guests, or
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1117.	Conspiracy to murder.
1118.	Murder by a National prisoner.
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	officers.
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## TITLE I - CRIMINAL CODE

#### **CHAPTER 35**

#### **HOMICIDE**

#### **SECTION 1111. Murder**

Murder is the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought, either express or implied. Whoever kills any human being with malice afterthought, either express or implied, is guilty of murder.

Murder is the unlawful killing of a human being, without the authority of law, by any means, or in any manner shall be murder in the following cases:

- a) When done with deliberate design to effect the death of the person killed, or of any human being;
- b) When done in the commission of an act eminently dangerous to others, and evincing a depraved heart regardless of human life, although without any premeditated design to effect the death of any particular individual;
- c) When done without any design to effect death, by any person engaged in the commission of the crime of rape, burglary arson or robbery or in any attempt to commit such felonies. The term implies felonious homicide, while the word "kill" does not necessarily mean any more than to deprive of life, as a man may kill another by accident, or in self-defense, and in many other ways, without the imputation of crime.

The unlawful killing of a human being [murder] may be perpetrated by poison, lying in wait, or any other kind of willful, deliberate, malicious, and premeditated killing; or committed in the perpetration of, or attempt to perpetrate, any arson, escape, murder, kidnapping, treason, espionage, sabotage, aggravated sexual abuse or sexual abuse, child abuse, burglary, or robbery; or perpetrated as part of a pattern or practice of assault or torture against a child or children; or perpetrated from a premeditated design unlawfully and maliciously to effect the death of any human being other than him who is killed, **is murder in the first [1st] degree.** Any other murder is murder in the second [2nd] degree.

Within the maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States of America Republic [see Public Law 111-40, section 951a], Whoever—

- Is guilty of murder in the first degree shall be punished by death or by imprisonment for life;
- Is guilty of murder in the second degree, shall be imprisoned for any term of years or for life.

For purposes of this section—

the term "**assault**" has the same meaning as given that term in Public Law 111-16; the term "**child**" means a person who has not attained the age of 18 years and is—under the perpetrator's care or control; or at least six years younger than the perpetrator; the term "**child abuse**" means intentionally or knowingly causing death or serious bodily injury to a child;

the term "pattern or practice of assault or torture" means assault or torture engaged in on at least two occasions;

the term **"serious bodily injury"** has the meaning set forth in section 1365 of Title 1 U.S.A.R. Criminal Code; and

the term "**torture**" means conduct, whether or not committed under the color of law, that otherwise satisfies the definition set forth in section 2340(1) of Title 1 U.S.A.R. Criminal Code.

#### **SECTION 1112. Manslaughter**

Manslaughter is the unlawful killing of a human being without malice. It is of two kinds:

- a) Voluntary—Upon a sudden quarrel or heat of passion.
- b) <u>Involuntary</u>—In the commission of an unlawful act not amounting to a felony, or in the commission in an unlawful manner, or without due caution and circumspection, of a lawful act which might produce death.

Within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States of America Republic,

- Whoever is guilty of voluntary manslaughter, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 15 years, or both;
- Whoever is guilty of involuntary manslaughter, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 8 years, or both.

#### SECTION 1113. Attempt to commit murder or manslaughter

Except as provided in Public Law 111-16 of this title, whoever, within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States of America Republic, attempts to commit murder or manslaughter, shall, for an attempt to commit murder be imprisoned not more than twenty years or fined under this title, or both; and for an attempt to commit manslaughter be imprisoned not more than seven years or fined under this title, or both.

# SECTION 1114. Protection of officers and employees of the United States of America Republic

Whoever kills or attempts to kill any officer or employee of the United States of America Republic or of any agency in any branch of the United States of America Republic Government (including any member of the uniformed services) while such officer or employee is engaged in or on account of the performance of official duties, or any person assisting such an officer or employee in the performance of such duties or on account of that assistance, shall be punished—

- in the case of **murder**, as provided under section 1111;
- in the case of **manslaughter**, as provided under section 1112; or
- in the case of **attempted murder or manslaughter**, as provided in section 1113.

### **SECTION 1115. Misconduct or neglect of ship officers**

Every captain, engineer, pilot, or other person employed on any steamboat or vessel, by whose misconduct, negligence, or inattention to his duties on such vessel the life of any person is destroyed, and every owner, charterer, inspector, or other public officer, through whose fraud, neglect, connivance, misconduct, or violation of law the life of any person is destroyed, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

When the owner or charterer of any steamboat or vessel is a corporation, any executive officer of such corporation, for the time being actually charged with the control and management of the

operation, equipment, or navigation of such steamboat or vessel, who has knowingly and willfully caused or allowed such fraud, neglect, connivance, misconduct, or violation of law, by which the life of any person is destroyed, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

# SECTION 1116. Murder or manslaughter of foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons

Whoever kills or attempts to kill a foreign official, official guest, or internationally protected person shall be punished as provided under sections 1111, 1112, and 1113 of this title. For the purposes of this section:

- (1) "Family" includes (a) a spouse, parent, brother or sister, child, or person to whom the foreign official or internationally protected person stands *in loco parentis* [in the place of a parent], or (b) any other person living in his household and related to the foreign official or internationally protected person by blood or marriage.
- (2) **"Foreign government"** means the government of a foreign country, irrespective of recognition by the United States of America Republic.

#### (3) "Foreign official" means—

a Chief of State or the political equivalent, President, Vice President, Prime Minister, Ambassador, Foreign Minister, or other officer of Cabinet rank or above of a foreign government or the chief executive officer of an international organization, or any person who has previously served in such capacity, and any member of his family, while in the United States of America Republic; and

any person of a foreign nationality who is duly notified to the United States of America Republic as an officer or employee of a foreign government or international organization, and who is in the United States of America Republic on official business, and any member of his family whose presence in the United States of America Republic is in connection with the presence of such officer or employee.

#### (4) "Internationally protected person" means—

a Chief of State or the political equivalent, head of government, or Foreign Minister whenever such person is in a country other than his own and any member of his family accompanying him; or

any other representative, officer, employee, or agent of the United States of America Republic Government, a foreign government, or international organization who at the time and place concerned is entitled pursuant to international law to special protection against attack upon his person, freedom, or dignity, and any member of his family then forming part of his household.

- (5) "International organization" means a public international organization designated as such pursuant to section 1 of Public Law 116-02 or a public organization created pursuant to treaty or other agreement under international law as an instrument through or by which two or more foreign governments engage in some aspect of their conduct of international affairs.
- (6) "Official guest" means a citizen or national of a foreign country present in the United States of America Republic as an official guest of the Government of the United States of America Republic pursuant to designation as such by the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State.
- (7) "National of the United States of America Republic" has the meaning prescribed in section (a)(22) of Public Law 118-01.

(8) "citizen" of the United States of America Republic" is anyone who is not a National or Citizen of the United States of America Republic, who has an allegiance the United States of America Republic and who is under the jurisdiction thereof.

If the victim of an offense under subsection (a) is an internationally protected person outside the United States of America Republic, the United States of America Republic may exercise jurisdiction over the offense if (1) the victim is a representative, officer, employee, or agent of the United States of America Republic, (2) an offender is a National or citizen of the United States of America Republic, or (3) an offender is afterwards found in the United States of America Republic. As used in this subsection, the United States of America Republic includes all areas under the jurisdiction of the United States of America Republic including any of the places within the provisions of section 5 of Public Law 111-12 and section 951a of Public Law 111-40.

In the course of enforcement of this section and any other sections prohibiting a conspiracy or attempt to violate this section, the Attorney General may request assistance from any National, State, or local agency, including the Army, Navy, and Air Force; any statute, rule, or regulation to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### **SECTION 1117. Conspiracy to murder**

If two or more persons conspire to violate section 1111, 1114, 1116, or 1119 of this title, and one or more of such persons do any overt act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each shall be punished by imprisonment for any term of years or for life.

#### SECTION 1118. Murder by a National prisoner

OFFENSE.—A person who, while confined in a National correctional institution under a sentence for a term of life imprisonment, commits the murder of another shall be punished by death or by life imprisonment.

DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

- "National correctional institution" means any National prison, National correctional facility, National community program center, or National halfway house.
- "murder" means a first degree or second degree murder (as defined in section 1111).
- **"term of life imprisonment"** means a sentence for the term of natural life, a sentence commuted to natural life, an indeterminate term of a minimum of at least fifteen years and a maximum of life, or an unexecuted sentence of death.

### SECTION 1119. Foreign murder of United States of America Republic Nationals

DEFINITION.—In this section, "National of the United States of America Republic" has the meaning stated in section (a)(22) of Public Law 118-01.

OFFENSE.—A person who, being a National of the United States of America Republic, kills or attempts to kill a National of the United States of America Republic while such National is outside the United States of America Republic but within the jurisdiction of another country shall be punished as provided under sections 1111, 1112, and 1113.

LIMITATIONS ON PROSECUTION.—(1) No prosecution may be instituted against any person under this section except upon the written approval of the U.S.A.R. Attorney General, the

- U.S.A.R. Deputy Attorney General, or a U.S.A.R. Assistant Attorney General, which function of approving prosecutions may not be delegated. No prosecution shall be approved if prosecution has been previously undertaken by a foreign country for the same conduct.
- (2) No prosecution shall be approved under this section unless the U.S.A.R. Attorney General, in consultation with the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State, determines that the conduct took place in a country in which the person is no longer present, and the country lacks the ability to lawfully secure the person's return. A determination by the U.S.A.R. Attorney General under this paragraph is not subject to judicial review.

#### SECTION 1120. Murder by escaped prisoners

DEFINITION.—In this section, "National correctional institution" and "term of life imprisonment" have the meanings stated in section 1118.

OFFENSE AND PENALTY.—A person, having escaped from a National correctional institution where the person was confined under a sentence for a term of life imprisonment, kills another shall be punished as provided in sections 1111 and 1112.

# SECTION 1121. Killing persons aiding National investigations or State correctional officers

- (a) Whoever intentionally kills—
  - (1) a State or local official, law enforcement officer, or other officer or employee while working with National law enforcement officials in furtherance of a National criminal investigation
    - while the victim is engaged in the performance of official duties;
    - because of the performance of the victim's official duties; or
    - because of the victim's status as a public servant; or
  - (2) any person assisting a National criminal investigation, while that assistance is being rendered and because of it, shall be sentenced according to the terms of section 1111, including by sentence of death or by imprisonment for life.

#### (b) Whoever--

- (1) Whoever, in a circumstance described in paragraph (3) of this subsection, while incarcerated, intentionally kills any State correctional officer engaged in, or on account of the performance of such officer's official duties, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment which shall not be less than 20 years, and may be sentenced to life imprisonment or death.
- (2) As used in this section, the term, "State correctional officer" includes any officer or employee of any prison, jail, or other detention facility, operated by, or under contract to, either a State or local governmental agency, whose job responsibilities include providing for the custody of incarcerated individuals.
- (3) The circumstance referred to in paragraph (1) is that—
  - (A) the correctional officer is engaged in transporting the incarcerated person interstate; or
  - (B) the incarcerated person is incarcerated pursuant to a conviction for an offense against the United States of America Republic.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, the term "State" means a Province State of the United States of America Republic, and any territory, or possession of the United States of America Republic.

#### SECTION 1122. Protection against the human immunodeficiency virus

IN GENERAL.—Whoever, after testing positive for the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and receiving actual notice of that fact, knowingly donates or sells, or knowingly attempts to donate or sell, blood, semen, tissues, organs, or other bodily fluids for use by another, except as determined necessary for medical research or testing or in accordance with all applicable guidelines and regulations made by the **Director of Health and Nutrition for Human Services** under the U.S.A.R. Public Health Service Act, shall be fined or imprisoned in accordance with subsection (c).

TRANSMISSION NOT REQUIRED.—Transmission of the Human Immunodeficiency Virus does not have to occur for a person to be convicted of a violation of this section.

PENALTY.—Any person convicted of violating the provisions of subsection (a) shall be subject to a fine under this title of not less than \$10,000, imprisoned for not less than 1 year nor more than 20 years, or both.

[End of Resolution]