UNITED STATES OF AMERICA REPUBLIC

Continental Congress Assembled



PUBLIC LAW 11-777-02

Amended: 23 July 2017

U.S.A.R. VEHICLE CODE – Security Interests

Pursuant to the United States of America Republic Constitution Amendment 19, Section 2, Clause 2, wherein it states; "The United States of America Republic shall make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States of America Republic, or any Department or Officer thereof", there shall hereby be designated "Vehicle Code-Security Interests" provisions to serve this purpose. This amendment shall go into immediate force.

Introduced as **Senate Joint Resolution 02**, with **54** co-sponsors and as **House Joint Resolution 02** with **54** co-sponsors, a request was delivered before the Continental Congress to honor and therefore establish laws for our Vehicle Code – Security Interests.

The resolution suffered no amendments, no exclusions, no demands that it became law.

The 1st Continental Congress of the United States of America Republic publicly declared 2015 the national "Year of the United States of America Republic". The document known as Public Law PUBLIC LAW 11-777-02 was signed and enacted into law on 23 July 2017 by the following SIGNATORIES to this Legislative Act in Attendance;

General Congress Assembled, United States of America Republic

- 1. President, Province of Illinois, Christopher-Cannon: Bey
- 2. Speaker of the House, Province of Missouri, Sharon-Green: El

- 3. USAR Secretary of State, Province of Missouri, Ross Woody Ir,: Bey
- 4. U.S.A.R. Attorney General Province of Illinois, Taiwaan Smith Bey
- 5. Chief Justice, Province of Illinois, Romalus Dorsey: El
- 6. Chief Justice, Province of Illinois, Emmett-Marshall
- 7. Att. General Province of Illinois Larry Taylor: Bey
- 8. Assistant Atty. General, Province of Khalifa, Antonyeo Robinson: El
- 9. Foreign Affairs Minister, Province of Texas, Rafael-Vazquez: El
- 10. Office of Inspector General, Province of Illinois, Steven Segura: Bey
- 11. Dir. of Business Development, Province of Khalifa, Dadrian Anderson: Bey
- 12. Governor, Province of Florida, Albert Jerraine-Griffin: Bey
- 13. Governor, Province of Georgia, Mandel Williams: El
- 14. Governor, Province of Indiana, Dexter-Johnson: Bey
- 15. Governor, Province of Khalifa, G. Riller: El
- 16. Governor, Province of Louisiana, Eric Wannamaker: Bey
- 17. Governor, Province of Maryland Altie Archer: Bey
- 18. Governor, Province of Minnesota, Vicie Christine-Williams: Bey
- 19. Governor, Province of New Jersey, Colin Hylton: El
- 20. Governor, Province of Tennessee, D. Maurice Parham: Bey
- 21. Governor, Province of Virginia, Darnell Brown: Bey
- 22. Lt. Governor, Province of Georgia, Timothy Jackson: El
- 23. Lt. Governor, Province of Illinois, Rasil-Clady: Bey
- 24. Lt. Governor, Province of Nevada, Victor-Pizarro: El
- 25. Lt. Governor, Province of Virginia, Rich Wilson: Bey
- 26. Assistant Governor, Province of Georgia, Christopher Hill: Bey
- 27. Assistant Governor, Province of Virginia, Joseph-Middleton: Bey
- 28. Secretary of State, Province of Arizona, Stephanie-Clark: Bey
- 29. Secretary of State, Province of Khalifa, Demeitric Mason: El
- 30. Secretary of State, Province of Georgia, Maureen Willis: El
- 31. Secretary of State, Province of Illinois, Lewanda Hazelett: Bey
- 32. Secretary of State, Province of No. Carolina, Trevis-Haskins: El
- 33. Governor, Province of Michigan, Napoleon-Kendall: Bey
- 34. Public Minister, Province of Florida, William L.-Salter III,: Bey
- 35. Public Minister, Province of Missouri, Linda Ann-Bashful: El
- 36. Public Minister, Province of Ontario, Canada, Steven Richards: Bey

- 37. Representative, Province of Colorado, Ajoa Nash-Conner: Bey
- 38. Representative , Province of Minnesota, Yashmall: Bey (Kevin Scaife: Bey)
- 39. Senator, Province of Colorado, Kakuyon: El
- 40. Senator, Province of Georgia, Ronnell-Gray: Bey
- 41. Senator/Liaison, Province of Georgia, Tara-Hill: Bey
- 42. Senator, Province of Illinois, Clayton Ronald-Henderson: El
- 43. Senator, Province of Illinois, J. Sept: El
- 44. Senator, Province of Michigan, George-Bond: Bey
- 45. Vicegerent Commissioner, Province of Illinois, Leslie-Atkins: El
- 46. Vicegerent Chief, Province of Illinois, Saadig: Bey
- 47. Vicegerent, Province of Arizona, Jorge-Bravo: Bey
- 48. Vicegerent, Province of Colorado, Evelyn-Gordon: Bey
- 49. Vicegerent Commissioner, Province of Michigan, Damon-Lewis: El
- 50. Vicegerent Commissioner, Province of Minnesota, Bryce Lee-Williams: Bey
- 51. Vicegerent Commissioner, Province of Ohio, Andwele-Montgomery: Bey
- 52. Vicegerent, Province of Georgia, Akil: Bey
- 53. Vicegerent, Province of Ohio, Dana-Coggins: Bey
- 54. Vicegerent, Province of Ohio, Daryl Van-Brown: Bey

It reads as follows:

PUBLIC LAW 11-777-02, on 23 July 2017

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing and requesting the President

to proclaim and establish provisions in accordance with the Constitution and Laws of the United States of America Republic.

WHEREAS, the United States of America Republic, being a perpetual corporation is an autonomous State government lawfully incorporated and chartered for the benefit and protection of "We The Moorish American People", by its Declaration, National Constitution and By-Laws, and aforementioned Articles;

WHEREAS the United States of America Republic's official language is the English language;

WHEREAS the Moorish American People have made a unique contribution in shaping the United States of America Republic as a distinctive and blessed nation of people and citizens;

WHEREAS the Moorish American People are a People of deeply-held religious convictions springing from the Holy Scriptures of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America and the Learning, Teachings and Truth of the Holy Prophet Noble Drew Ali. The Holy Prophet Noble Drew Ali led his People back to the Principles and standards of their ancient forefathers' Free National Principles and Standards;

WHEREAS the Principles of Love, Truth, Peace, Freedom and Justice inspired concepts of civil government that are contained in our Declaration of Independence and Constitution of the United States of America Republic;

WHEREAS the Moorish American People, are now in great comprehension that, as a Nation of People being Nationwide in scope to achieve peace as well as unity as a single harmonious Nation, there must be uniform Laws for the Nation. The Constitution and Laws of the United States of America Republic are "the Rock on which our Republic rests";

WHEREAS the history of our Nation clearly illustrates the value of a Nation to be able to create and pass its own Laws are beneficial to a Society to Enforce the Laws of the Nation. This is not to remove or change **The Moorish American People** from voluntarily applying and extending the learning, teachings and truth of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America in the lives of individuals, families, or in their society as a nation of People;

WHEREAS this Nation now faces great challenges that will test this Nation as it has never been tested before; and

WHEREAS that renewing our knowledge of Law, Divine and National and having faith in Our Universal Creator through Holy Scriptures of the Holy Koran of the Moorish Science Temple of America, the Holy Bible and the Great Qu'ran of Mohammed as we honor all the divine Prophets Jesus, Mohammed, Buddha and Confucius. Therefore, the Constitution and Laws of the United States of America Republic and knowledge of the aforementioned Holy Scriptures can only strengthen our nation. I, President Christopher H- Cannon: Bey, therefore establish with the consent of the Continental Congress the provisions as the Laws of the United States of America Republic:

NOW, <u>THEREFORE</u>, <u>be</u> it **Resolved** by the Continental Congress of the United States of America Republic in Continental Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to designate the administration of said laws.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY 11-777 Res.:02 CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. #(2017):

23 July 2017 considered and passed by the Continental Congress.

TITLE XI - U.S.A.R. VEHICLE CODE

11 U.S.R.C. ARTICLE II CHAPTER 2

SECURITY INTERESTS

Section No.	<u>Description</u>
SECTION 3-201.	Accepted liens and security interests.
SECTION 3-201.1.	Terminal rent adjustment clause leases.
SECTION 3-202.	Perfection of security interest.
SECTION 3-203.	Security interest
SECTION 3-204.	Assignment by lienholder.
SECTION 3-205.	Release of security interest.
SECTION 3-206.	Duty of lienholder.
SECTION 3-207.	Exclusiveness of procedure.
SECTION 3-208.	$Suspension\ or\ revocation\ of\ certificates.$
SECTION 3-209.	Powers of U.S.A.R. Secretary of State.
SECTION 3-210.	Court review.

TITLE XI - U.S.A.R. VEHICLE CODE

11 U.S.R.C. ARTICLE II CHAPTER 2

SECURITY INTERESTS

SECTION 3-201. Accepted liens and security interests.

This Article does not apply to or affect:

- (a) A lien given by statute or rule of law to a supplier of services or materials for the vehicle;
- (b) A lien given by statute to the United States of America Republic, a Province State or any political subdivision of any Province, except liens on trailer coaches and mobile homes for public assistance.
- (c) A security interest in a vehicle created by a manufacturer or dealer who holds the vehicle for sale, but a buyer in the ordinary course of trade from the manufacturer or dealer takes free of the security interest.

SECTION 3-201.1. Terminal rent adjustment clause leases. In the case of motor vehicles or trailers, a transaction does not create a sale or a security interest merely because it provides that the rental price is permitted or required to be adjusted under the agreement either upward or downward by reference to the amount realized upon sale or other disposition of the motor vehicle or trailer.

SECTION 3-202. Perfection of security interest.

- (a) Unless accepted by Section 3-201, a security interest in a vehicle of a type for which a certificate of title is required is not valid against subsequent transferees or lienholders of the vehicle unless perfected as provided in this Act. A purchase money security interest in a manufactured home is perfected against the rights of judicial lien creditors and execution creditors on and after the date such purchase money security interest attaches.
- (b) A security interest is perfected by the delivery to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State of the existing certificate of title, if any, an application for a certificate of title containing the name and address of the lienholder and the required fee. The security interest is perfected as of the time of its creation if the delivery to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State is completed within 30 days after the creation of the security interest or receipt by the new lienholder of the existing certificate of title from a prior lienholder or licensed dealer, otherwise as of the time of the delivery.
- (c) If a vehicle is subject to a security interest when brought into a Province State, the validity of the security interest is determined by the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest attached, subject to the following:
- 1. If the parties understood at the time the security interest attached that the vehicle would be kept in this Province State and it was brought into said Province State within 30 days thereafter for purposes other than transportation through this Province State, the validity of the security interest in this Province State is determined by the law of U.S.A.R. unless otherwise indicated by U.S.A.R. laws in this Province State.

- 2. If the security interest was perfected under the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest attached, the following rules apply:
 - (A) If the name of the lienholder is shown on an existing certificate of title issued by that jurisdiction, his security interest continues perfected in this State.
 - (B) If the name of the lienholder is not shown on an existing certificate of title issued by that jurisdiction, a security interest may be perfected by the lienholder delivering to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State the prescribed notice and by payment of the required fee. Such security interest is perfected as of the time of delivery of the prescribed notice and payment of the required fee.
- 3. If the security interest was not perfected under the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest attached, it may be perfected in this State; in that case perfection dates from the time of perfection in this State.
- 4. A security interest may be perfected under paragraph 3 of this subsection either as provided in subsection (b) or by the lienholder delivering to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State a notice of security interest in the form the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State prescribes and the required fee
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 3-116.1, 3-116.2, 3-207, and any U.S.A.R. laws for the conveyance and encumbrance of manufactured homes as real property and severance, after a certificate of title has been issued for a manufactured home and as long as the manufactured home is subject to any security interest perfected pursuant to this Section, the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State shall not file an affidavit of affixation, nor cancel the Manufacturer's Statement of Origin, nor revoke the certificate of title, nor issue a certificate of title under Section 3-106, and, in any event, the validity and priority of any security interest perfected pursuant to this Section shall continue, notwithstanding the provision of any other law.

SECTION 3-203. Security interest.

If an owner creates a security interest in a vehicle:

- (a) The owner shall immediately execute the application, in the space provided therefor on the certificate of title or on a separate form the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State prescribes, to name the lienholder on the certificate, showing the name and address of the lienholder and cause the certificate, application and the required fee to be delivered to the lienholder.
- (b) The lienholder shall immediately cause the certificate, application and the required fee to be mailed or delivered to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State.
- (c) Upon request of the owner or subordinate lienholder, a lienholder in possession of the certificate of title shall either mail or deliver the certificate to the subordinate lienholder for delivery to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State or, upon receipt from the subordinate lienholder of the owner's application and the required fee, mail or deliver them to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State with the certificate. The delivery of the certificate does not affect the rights of the first lienholder under his security agreement.
- (d) Upon receipt of the certificate of title, application and the required fee, the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State shall issue a new certificate containing the name and address of the new lienholder, and mail the certificate to the first lienholder named in it.

SECTION 3-204. Assignment by lienholder.

- (a) A lienholder may assign, absolutely or otherwise, his security interest in the vehicle to a person other than the owner without affecting the interest of the owner or the validity of the security interest, but any person without notice of the assignment is protected in dealing with the lienholder as the holder of the security interest and the lienholder remains liable for any obligations as lienholder until the assignee is named as lienholder on the certificate.
- (b) The assignee may, but need not to perfect the assignment, have the certificate of title issued with the assignee named as lienholder, upon delivering to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State the certificate and an assignment by the lienholder named in the certificate in the form the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State prescribes.

SECTION 3-205. Release of security interest.

- (a) Within 21 days after receiving payment to satisfy a security interest in a vehicle for which the certificate of title is in the possession of the lienholder, he shall execute a release of his security interest, and mail or deliver the certificate and release to the next lienholder named therein, or, if none, to the owner or any person who delivers to the lienholder an authorization from the owner to receive the certificate. If the payment is in the form of cash, a cashier's check, or a certified check, the number of days is reduced to 10 business days. If the owner desires a new certificate reflecting no lien, the certificate and release from the lienholder may be submitted to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State, along with the prescribed application and required fee, for issuance of that new certificate.
- (b) Within 21 days after receiving payment to satisfy a security interest in a vehicle for which the certificate of title is in the possession of a prior lienholder, the lienholder whose security interest is satisfied shall execute a release and deliver the release to the owner or any person who delivers to the lienholder an authorization from the owner to receive it. If the payment is in the form of cash, a cashier's check, or a certified check, the number of days is reduced to 10 business days. The lienholder in possession of the certificate of title may either deliver the certificate to the owner, or the person authorized by him, for delivery to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State, or, upon receipt of the release, may mail or may deliver the certificate and release, along with prescribed application and require fee, to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State, who shall issue a new certificate.
- (c) In addition to any other penalty, a lienholder who fails to execute a release of his or her security interest or who fails to mail or deliver the certificate and release within the time limit provided in subsection (a) or (b) is liable to the person or entity that was supposed to receive the release or certificate for \$150 plus reasonable attorney fees and court costs. An action under this Section may be brought in small claims court or in any other appropriate court.
- (d) The holder of a security interest in or a lien on a manufactured home may deliver lien release documents to any person to facilitate conveying or encumbering the manufactured home. Any person receiving any such documents so delivered holds the documents in trust for the security interest holder or the lienholder.

SECTION 3-206. Duty of lienholder.

A lienholder named in a certificate of title shall, upon written request of the owner or of another lienholder named on the certificate, disclose any pertinent information as to his security agreement and the indebtedness secured by it.

SECTION 3-207. Exclusiveness of procedure.

The method provided in this Act of perfecting and giving notice of security interests subject to this Act is exclusive. Security interests subject to this Act are hereby exempted from the provisions of law which otherwise require or relate to the recording or filing of instruments creating or evidencing security interests in vehicles including chattel mortgages and conditional sale agreements, provided, however, that with respect to a manufactured home that is or will be affixed to a permanent foundation, upon recordation of an affidavit of affixation pursuant to the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act and satisfaction of the requirements of Section 3-116.1 or 3-116.2, as applicable, any perfection or termination of a security interest with respect to such permanently affixed property shall be governed by the laws applicable to real property.

SECTION 3-208. Suspension or revocation of certificates.

- (a) The U.S.A.R. Secretary of State may suspend or revoke a certificate of title, upon notice and reasonable opportunity to be heard in accordance with Section 2-118, when authorized by any other provision of law or if he finds:
 - 1. The certificate of title was fraudulently procured or erroneously issued, or
 - 2. The vehicle has been scrapped, dismantled or destroyed.

Except as provided in Section 3-116.2, the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State shall not suspend or revoke a certificate of title to a manufactured home by reason of the fact that, at any time, it shall have become affixed in any manner to real property.

- (b) Suspension or revocation of a certificate of title does not, in itself, affect the validity of a security interest noted on it.
- (c) When the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State suspends or revokes a certificate of title, the owner or person in possession of it shall, immediately upon receiving notice of the suspension or revocation, mail or deliver the certificate to the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State.
- (d) The U.S.A.R. Secretary of State may seize and impound any certificate of title which has been suspended or revoked.

SECTION 3-209. Powers of U.S.A.R. Secretary of State.

- (a) The U.S.A.R. Secretary of State shall prescribe and provide suitable forms of applications, certificates of title, notices of security interests, and all other notices and forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
- (b) The U.S.A.R. Secretary of State may:

- 1. Make necessary investigations to procure information required to carry out the provisions of this Act;
- 2. Assign a new identifying number to a vehicle if it has none, or its identifying number is destroyed or obliterated, or its motor is changed, and shall either issue a new certificate of title showing the new identifying number or make an appropriate endorsement on the original certificate.

SECTION 3-210. Court review.

A person aggrieved by an act or omission to act of the U.S.A.R. Secretary of State under this Article is also entitled to a review thereof by the Province Court in accordance with the Administrative Review Law, as amended.

[End of Resolution]